# Chapter 14 Firefighting Equipment

### **Introduction**

- 4 The agency wildland fire program equipment resources include engines,
- 5 dozers, water tenders, and other motorized equipment for fire operations.

### 6 Policy

- 7 Each state/region will comply with established standards for training,
- 8 equipment, communications, organization, and operating procedures required
- 9 to effectively perform arduous duties in multi-agency environments and
- various geographic areas.
- 11 Approved foam concentrate may be used to improve the efficiency of water,
- 12 except near waterways where accidental spillage or over spray of the chemical
- could be harmful to the aquatic ecosystem, or other identified resource
- 14 concerns.

# 15 Firefighting Engine/Water Tender Common Standards

### 16 Driving Standard

17 Refer to driving standards in Chapter 7.

### 18 Engine/Tactical Water Tender Water Reserve

- 19 Engine/tactical water tender operators will maintain at least 10 percent of the
- 20 pumpable capacity of the water tank for emergency engine protection and
- 21 drafting.

#### 22 Chocks

- 23 At least one set of wheel chocks will be carried on each engine/water tender
- 24 and will be properly utilized whenever the engine is parked or left unattended.
- 25 This includes engine/water tender operation in a stationary mode without a
- 26 driver "in place."

### 27 Fire Extinguisher

- 28 All engines/water tenders will have at least one 5 lb. ABC rated (minimum) fire
- 29 extinguisher, either in full view or in a clearly marked compartment.

### 30 Nonskid Surfaces

- 31 All surfaces will comply with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- 32 1906 Standard for Wildland Fire Apparatus requirements.

### 33 First Aid Kit

- Each engine/water tender shall carry, in a clearly marked compartment, a fully
- 35 equipped 10-person first aid kit.

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### 1 Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)

- 2 Each engine and water tender will have an annually certified weight slip in the
- 3 vehicle at all times. Weight slip will show individual axle weights and total
- 4 GVW. Operators of engines and water tenders must ensure that the maximum
- 5 certified gross vehicle and axle weight ratings are never exceeded, including
- 6 gear, personnel, and fuel. The NFPA 1906 standard of 250 pounds per seat
- 7 position for each person and their personal gear will be used to calculate the
- 8 loaded weight.
- 9 **FS** Refer to FSH 7109.19, Chapter 30 for calculation of Rough Road Factor reduction for driving on rough or unsurfaced roads.

### 11 Speed Limits

12 Posted speed limits will not be exceeded.

#### 13 Lighting

- 14 Headlights and taillights shall be illuminated at all times while the vehicle is in
- 15 motion. All new orders for fire engine apparatus will include an overhead
- lighting package in accordance with agency standards. Lighting packages will
- meet NFPA 1906 standards at the time of manufacture. Engines currently in
- service may be equipped with overhead lighting packages. A red, white, and
- 19 amber combination is the accepted color scheme for fire.

# 20 Emergency Light Use

- 21 Emergency lighting will be used only during on site wildland fire operations or
- 22 to mitigate serious safety hazards. Overhead lighting and other emergency
- 23 lighting must meet state code requirements, and will be illuminated whenever
- the visibility is reduced to less than 300 feet.
- **BLM/NPS** See agency chapters or policy for specific guidance.
- **FWS** Refer to Service policy 621 FW 1.
- FS See FSM 5120, FSM 5130, and FSH 5109.16 for red lights and siren policy.

#### 29 Fire Equipment Maintenance and Inspections

- 30 Apparatus safety and operational inspections will be accomplished either on a
- post-fire or daily basis. Offices are required to document these inspections.
- Periodic maintenance (as required by the manufacturer) shall be performed at
- 33 the intervals recommended and properly documented. All annual inspections
- will include a pump performance test to ensure the pump/plumbing system is
- operating at desired specifications (pressure and gallons per minute).

# 36 Mobile Attack (Pump and Roll)

- 37 Firefighters must be seated and belted within an enclosed cab or walk alongside
- the apparatus during mobile attack (pump and roll) operations. Riding, standing
- or seated on the exterior of the apparatus is prohibited. Utilization of the NFPA
- 40 1906 "on-board pump-and-roll fire-fighting position" if equipped, is not
- 41 permitted.

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# 1 Firefighting Engines

# 2 Operational Procedures

- 3 All engines will be equipped, operated, and maintained within guidelines
- established by the Department of Transportation (DOT) and regional/state/local
- 5 operating plans. All personnel assigned to agency fire engines will meet all
- 6 gear weight, cube, and manifest requirements specified in the National
- 7 Interagency Mobilization Guide.
- **BLM** See procedures outlined in BLM Manual H-9216, Fire Equipment and Supply Management.

### 10 Engine Typing

Engine typing and respective standards have been established by NWCG.

<b>Engine Type</b>	Structure		Wildland Engines					
Components	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Tank	300	300	500	750	400	150	50	
Minimum								
Capacity (gal)								
Pump	1000	500	150	50	50	50	10	
Minimum								
Flow (gpm)								
@ Rated	150	150	250	100	100	100	100	
Pressure (psi)								
Hose 21/2"	1200	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
1½"	500	500	1000	300	300	300	-	
1"	-	-	500	300	300	300	200	
Ladders per	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	
NFPA 1901								
Master Stream	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500 gpm Min.								
Pump and Roll	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Maximum	-	-	-	-	26,000	19,500	14,000	
GVWR (lbs.)								
Personnel	4	3	3	2	2	2	2	
(NWCG min.)								

<sup>•</sup> **FS** – See http://www.fs.fed.us/fire/equipment/engine-models/models.html for description of Forest Service national engine standards.

# 14 Fire Engine Staffing

- 15 For Type 4, 5, 6, and 7 engines, minimum staffing is two individuals with a
- 16 minimum required qualification of FFT2, including an Engine Boss.

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- **FWS** Minimum staffing for Type 6 and 7 engines (on Refuge lands) is one ENOP and one FFT2. A minimum of one ICT5 must be available on the engine crew.
- 4 For Type 3 engines, minimum staffing is three individuals, including an Engine
- **BLM** For BLM engine staffing requirements see Chapter 2.
- 7 NPS For NPS engine staffing requirements see Chapter 3.
- **FS** A Single Resource Boss may supervise a Type 6 or 7 engine.

### 9 Engine Inventories

- 10 An inventory of supplies and equipment carried on each vehicle is required to
- maintain accountability and to obtain replacement items lost or damaged on
- 12 incidents. The standard inventory for engines is found in Appendix M.

# 13 Water Tenders

### 14 Water Tender Typing

Water tender typing and respective standards have been established by NWCG.

Water Tender Type		Support	Tactical		
Requirements	<b>S1</b>	S2	<b>S3</b>	T1	T2
Tank Capacity (gal)	4000	2500	1000	2000	1000
Pump Minimum Flow (gpm)	300	200	200	250	250
@Rated Pressure (psi)	50	50	50	150	150
Max. Refill Time (mins)	30	20	15	-	-
Pump and Roll	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
Personnel (min)	1	1	1	2	2

### 16 Water Tender Qualifications and Staffing Standards

- Water Tender (Non-Tactical)
  - o Qualifications: CDL (tank endorsement)
- O Staffing: A water tender (non-tactical) may be staffed with a crew of one driver/operator when it is used in a support role as a fire engine refill unit or for dust abatement. These operators do not have to pass the Work Capacity Test (WCT) but are required to take annual refresher training.

### **Vater Tender (Tactical)**

- Tactical use is defined as "direct fire suppression missions such as pumping hoselays, live reel use, running attack, and use of spray bars and monitors to suppress fires."
  - o Qualifications:
    - **BLM/FWS** ENOP, CDL (tank endorsement)
  - **FS** FFT1, CDL

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- o **Staffing:** Tactical water tenders will carry a minimum crew of two:
  - **BLM/FWS** One ENOP and one FFT2.
- 3 **BLM** 668 Super Heavy Tactical Tenders will be staffed with one engine boss and one engine crewmember.
  - **FS** One FFT1 and one FFT1/FFT2.

### 6 Dozers/Tractor Plows

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### 7 Dozer/Tractor Plow Training and Qualifications

- 8 Agency personnel assigned as dozer/tractor plow operators will meet the
- 9 training and experience standards for a Firefighter 2 (FFT2). This includes all
- safety and annual refresher training. While on fire assignments, all operators
- and support crew will meet PPE requirements including the use of aramid fiber
- 12 clothing, hard hats, fire shelters, boots, etc.

# 13 Dozer/Tractor Plow Physical Fitness Standards

- All employee dozer/tractor plow operators will meet requirements stated in the
- 15 Federal Wildland Fire Qualifications Supplement.

### 16 Dozer/Tractor Plow Operational Procedures

- Agency owned and operated dozer/tractor plows will be equipped with programmable two-way radios, configured to allow the operator to monitor radio traffic.
- Agency and contract dozer/tractor plows will have agency supplied
  supervision when assigned to any suppression operations.
- Contract dozers must be provided with radio communications, either
  through a qualified Heavy Equipment Boss (HEQB) or an agency-supplied
- radio. Contract dozer/tractor plows will meet the specifications identified in their agreement/contract.
- o Operators of dozer/tractor plows and transport equipment will meet DOT
- certifications and requirements regarding the use and movement of heavy
- equipment, including driving limitations, CDL requirements, and pilot car
- 29 use.

# All Terrain Vehicles (ATV)/Utility Terrain Vehicles (UTV)

- 31 The operation of ATV/UTVs can be high risk. The use of ATV/UTVs should
- be evaluated to ensure that use is essential to accomplish the mission, rather
- 33 than for convenience.
- **BLM** − No ATVs will be used for industrial use OHV operations.
- Because of the high risk nature, agencies have developed specific operational
- policy (refer to current agency policy). ATV/UTV operators will meet the
- training and certification requirements of their agency; employees certified by
- their agency will be considered qualified ATV/UTV operators regardless of

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- incident jurisdiction. Common policy requirements for wildland fire operations are highlighted below:
- A JHA/RA must be completed and approved by the supervisor prior to vehicle operation.
- All personnel authorized to operate an ATV/UTV must first complete agency specific or manufacturer-provided training in safe operating procedures and appropriate PPE.
- Re-evaluation/Re-certification Operators shall be re-evaluated every three years. Infrequent users (less than 16 hours of riding a year) shall have a check ride prior to scheduled use of an ATV/UTV.
- Specific authorization for ATV/UTV use is required All ATV/UTV
  operations must hold a valid Motor Vehicle Operator's Identification Card,
  OF-346 or agency equivalent.
  - o **BLM/NPS/FWS** Upon completion of agency-specific ATV/UTV training and operator certification requirements, All-Terrain Vehicle Operator (ATVO) will be placed on the employee's Incident Qualification and Certification (IQCS) Card (Red Card). IQCS Certifying Officials are responsible for verifying that ATV/UTV operator qualifications are current, and that the ATVO qualification is removed from the Red Card if agency-specific training, certification, or currency requirements lapse.
- NPS All Off-Highway Vehicle (OHV) operators (including 22 ATV/UTV) must hold a valid state Motor Vehicle Operator's Permit. 23 24 Operating restrictions identified on the operator's permit must be adhered to while operating an OHV (e.g., use of corrective lenses, 25 etc.). NPS ATV operators must be qualified at either the Basic or 26 Advanced Level as described in RM-50B depending on the hazard 27 potential of the operation. All ATV operators shall be provided 28 refresher training each year in accordance with a JHA and 29 reevaluated by an ASI Certified Trainer every 3 years. The 30 reevaluation shall be documented. RM-50B, Appendix B (ATV 31 32 Operator Accountability/Certification Tracking Record) may be used to document the reevaluation. Further information on ATV/UTV use is 33 34 found in RM-50B.
- ATVs can only have a single rider—passengers are prohibited even if ATV is designed for two riders.
- UTVs passengers are limited to the number of seats installed by
  manufacturer. The operator and passenger(s) must use seatbelts while the
  vehicle is in motion.
- Operators must use required PPE while loading/unloading ATV/UTV.
- Cargo loads shall be loaded and secured as to not affect the vehicle's
  center of gravity, and shall not exceed manufacturer's recommendations
  for maximum carrying capacity; and
- When transporting external fuel containers with a UTV/ATV, a 5 lb. class BC fire extinguisher must be secured to the UTV/ATV.

### Required PPE

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- ATV Head Protection for Wildland Fire Operations
- ATV helmets must be worn at all times during ATV operations (on and off the fireline); and
- ATV helmets must meet Snell Memorial Foundation standards, or DOT
  certification.
  - A ¾ face model meeting Snell Memorial Foundation standards certification is acceptable for use.
- Use of half "shorty" helmets requires a JHA/RA for fireline use and
  must include justification for its use. Refer to MTDC Tech Tip
  publication, A Helmet for ATV Operators with Fireline Duties (0651-2350-MTDC).

# 3 UTV Head Protection for Wildland Fire Operations:

- Helmets must meet DOT, ANSI Z90.1; or Snell Memorial Foundation standards unless:
  - UTV is used for low speeds and smooth travel surfaces, administrative use (e.g., campgrounds, incident base camps) UTV operators are not required to wear hardhats or helmets; or
- O UTV is equipped with approved Rollover Protection System (ROPS),
  and:
  - BLM A comprehensive and properly prepared RA of the specific conditions demonstrates no more than a medium residual risk level, then a hard hat meeting NFPA 1977 or ANSI Z 89.1 standards may be worn with chin straps secured in place under chin
  - NPS Approved helmets are required for UTV operations that are rated moderate (amber) or high (red) using the "ORV Risk Assessment Tool" included in the NPS Off-Highway Vehicle Policy.
  - FWS Per 243 FW 6.6 B.1, a hardhat meeting NFPA 1977 or ANSI Z 89.1 standards may be worn with chin straps secured in place unless the risk assessment for the operation dictates wearing a securely fastened motorcycle helmet.
  - FS UTV Helmet (for fire use) Helmets must have Snell SA certification. Wearing hardhats while driving or riding on a UTV is not allowed. Forest Service policy provides no exception to the helmet requirement for low speeds, smooth travel surfaces, or administrative use (FSH 6709.11, Chapter 10).
- Eye protection (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses) based upon JHA/RA:
- Eye protection is not required for a UTV equipped with an original manufacturer windshield that protects the face from branches, flying debris, etc., unless otherwise required by an associated industrial use activity or JHA/RA.

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- If operating ATV/UTV on the fireline, the following are required:
- Leather or leather/flame resistant combination gloves. Flight gloves are not approved for fireline use.
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1977 compliant long-sleeved flame resistant shirt.
- NFPA 1977 compliant flame resistant trousers.
- Wildland fire boots.
- 8 Appropriate head protection as described above.
- 9 FS Shirt, trousers, and gloves used by USFS personnel must meet 10 Forest Service specification 5100-91 (shirt), 5100-92 (trousers), 11 6170-5 (gloves), or be NFPA 1977 compliant.
- 12 ATV/UTV operator shall carry a personal communication device (e.g., two-
- way radio, cellular phone, or satellite phone).
- All other ATV/UTV specific guidance is found in the respective agency's policy:
- BLM Refer to BLM Manual 1112-1, Chapter 17 Off-Highway Vehicles at http://web.blm.gov/internal/wo-500/directives/dir-hdbk/h1112-1.pdf.
  Refer to Instruction Memorandum No. WO 2015-136, Transporting Utility Terrain Vehicles (UTVs) in Pick-up Trucks.
- 20 NPS Refer to Reference Manual 50B Occupational Health and Safety,
- Section 6.1 Off-Highway Vehicle Safety at
- 22 http://www.nps.gov/policy/RM50Bdoclist.htm.

### 23 Vehicle Cleaning/Noxious Weed Prevention

- 24 Refer to Chapter 11 for guidance on minimizing potential transmission of
- 25 invasive species.

### 26 Incident Remote Automated Weather Stations

- 27 Incident Remote Automated Weather Stations (IRAWS NFES 5869) are
- readily deployable, portable weather stations that may be utilized in unprepared
- locations to monitor local weather conditions. IRAWS are intended for use on
- or near the fireline or at other all-risk incidents, and are installed and operated
- as desired by Fire Behavior Analysts (FBAN) and/or Incident Meteorologists
- 32 (IMET) to record and distribute real time weather data.
- 33 National resource IRAWS systems are cached at the National Interagency Fire
- 34 Center (NIFC) and may be ordered through standard equipment resource
- ordering systems. Following release from an incident, these stations must be
- returned to the Remote Sensing/Fire Weather Support Unit (RSFWSU) at
- 37 NIFC for maintenance, recalibration, and redeployment.

# 1 Aerial Ignition Devices

- 2 Information on types of aerial ignition devices, operational guidelines, and
- 3 personnel qualifications may be found in the Interagency Aerial Ignition Guide
- 4 (PMS 501) available at http://www.nwcg.gov/publications/501.

# 5 Ground Ignition Devices and Transporting/Dispensing Fuel

- 6 For ground ignition devices, follow the Interagency Ground Ignition Guide
- 7 (PMS 443) for operational guidelines, personnel qualifications, and equipment
- 8 selection. http://www.nwcg.gov/publications/443
- 9 For transporting and dispensing fuel, follow the *Interagency Transportation*
- 10 Guide for Gasoline, Mixed Gas, Drip-Torch Fuel, and Diesel (PMS 442) found
- at http://www.nwcg.gov/publications/442.
- BLM A 10 lb. class BC fire extinguisher is required for UTVs equipped
  with a ground ignition device.
- NPS Follow the Forest Service standard for military style jerrican (UN
  3A1) (Page 8, PMS 442).
- **FS** Direction is found in FSH 6709.11.